

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations

US GHS SDS

Revision Date: 08/26/2020

Date of Issue: 08/26/2020

Version: 1.0

## **SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION**

### **Product Identifier**

Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: Marvel Mystery Oil

Product Code: MM12R (50094), MM13R (50095), MM13RC (50096), MM14R (50097) – See section 16 for discontinued SKU's

Formulation Identification Number: 42/212/01 Intended Use of the Product

Use of the Substance/Mixture: Engine Oil Additive – Fuel additive (EPA Registered)

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party 1.3.

Manufacturer

Marvel Oil Company, Inc.

2250 W. Pinehurst Blvd., Suite 150

Addison, IL 60101-6103

Phone Number: 1(630)455-3700 Toll-Free Number: 1(800)232-9596

**Emergency Telephone Number** 

**Emergency Number** 

: CHEMTREC

Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1-703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

# SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### Classification of the Substance or Mixture 2.1.

Z.I.	Classification	
Flam.	Liq. 3	H226
Skin I	rrit. 2	H315
Repr.	2	H361
STOT	SE 3	H336
Asp. 7	Гох. 1	H304
Aqua	tic Acute 2	H401
Agua	tic Chronic 2	H411

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

#### 2.2. **Label Elements**

### **GHS-US Labeling**

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)







Signal Word (GHS-US)

: Danger

**Hazard Statements (GHS-US)** 

: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H401 - Toxic to aquatic life.

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)** 

: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations US GHS SDS

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapors, mist, or spray.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.

P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor.

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P312 - Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.

P321 - Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS).

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use appropriate media (see section 5) to extinguish.

P391 - Collect spillage.

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

#### 2.3. Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

### 2.4. **Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)**

No data available

# SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### Substance 3.1.

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixture

Name	Synonyms	Product Identifier	%	GHS US classification
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light / Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light / Hydrotreated light distillate	(CAS-No.) 64742-47-8	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Phosphoric acid, tris(methylphenyl) esters	Phosphoric acid, tris(methylphenyl) ester / Phosphoric acid, tritolyl ester / Tricresyl phosphate	(CAS-No.) 1330-78-5	0.1 - 1	Repr. 2, H361 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
o-Dichlorobenzene	Benzene, 1,2-dichloro- / Benzene, o-dichloro- / ortho- Dichlorobenzene	(CAS-No.) 95-50-1	0.11-0.14	Not classified
p-Dichlorobenzene	Benzene, 1,4-dichloro- / Benzene, p-dichloro- / para- Dichlorobenzene	(CAS-No.) 106-46-7	0.0002 - 0.003	Not classified

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition have been withheld as a trade secret [29 CFR 1910.1200].

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

### **Description of First-aid Measures**

First-aid Measures General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid Measures After Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

US GHS SDS

First-aid Measures After Skin Contact: Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Immediately drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid Measures After Eye Contact: Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

First-aid Measures After Ingestion: Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

### Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed 4.2.

Symptoms/Injuries: Causes skin irritation. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression such as dizziness, vomiting, numbness, drowsiness, headache, and similar narcotic symptoms.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: May cause slight irritation to eyes.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting and may cause lung injury. Chronic Symptoms: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

# Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand,

## SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

## **Extinguishing Media**

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray, fog, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical powder. Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. A heavy water stream may spread burning liquid.

# Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Flammable liquid and vapor. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to an ignition source and flash back to source of vapours. Special attention should be given to low areas/pits where flammable vapours can accumulate.

Explosion Hazard: May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.

Reactivity: Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.

### **Advice for Firefighters**

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Hazardous Combustion Products: Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases, including carbon monoxide and unidentified organic and inorganic compounds. Phosphorus oxides. Chlorine compounds.

Other Information: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

# SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

# Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray. Avoid all contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use special care to avoid static electric charges.

## For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

### For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area. Eliminate ignition sources.

### **Environmental Precautions** 6.2.

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage.

# Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions.

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Use only non-sparking tools. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

#### 6.4. **Reference to Other Sections**

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1. **Precautions for Safe Handling**

Additional Hazards When Processed: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable. Precautions for Safe Handling: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors, mist, spray. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

# Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations. Take action to prevent static discharges. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store locked up/in a secure area. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in fireproof place.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

Maximum Storage Period: Shelf life is considered to be 7-10 years when properly stored.

### Specific End Use(s)

Engine Oil Additive – Fuel additive (EPA Registered)

# SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### **Control Parameters**

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

o-Dichlorobe	enzene (95-50-1)	, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	50 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (mg/m³)	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (ppm)	50 ppm
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	200 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (mg/m³)	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	50 ppm
p-Dichlorobe	nzene (106-46-7)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans 150 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	450 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	75 ppm
8.2. Expc	Sure Controls	175 pp.11

#### 8.2. **Exposure Controls**

**Appropriate Engineering Controls** 

: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosionproof equipment.

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

US GHS SD

### Personal Protective Equipment

: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.









**Materials for Protective Clothing** 

: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

**Hand Protection** 

Eye and Face Protection Skin and Body Protection Respiratory Protection : Wear protective gloves.: Chemical safety goggles.

: Wear suitable protective clothing.

: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory

protection.

Other Information

: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

# SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State

Appearance

Odor

**Odor Threshold** 

рН

Evaporation Rate Melting Point Freezing Point

Boiling Point Flash Point

Auto-ignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature Flammability (solid, gas)

Vapor Pressure

Relative Vapor Density at 20°C

Relative Density Specific Gravity

Solubility

Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water

Viscosity

Viscosity, Kinematic

9.2. Other Information

VOC content (California) % NVM by Weight

: Liquid

: Clear Red

: Oil of wintergreen - minty

: No data available

: No data available

: No data available : -51 °C (-59.8 °F)

No data availableNo data available

: 53 °C (127.4 °F) Seta Closed Cup

: No data available: No data available: Not applicable

: No data available: No data available: No data available

: 0.876

: Water: Insoluble : No data available

: No data available : 2 – 3 cSt @ 100 °C (212 °F)

: 24.31 % : 75 %

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- 10.1. Reactivity: Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.
- 10.2. Chemical Stability: Flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.
- 10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
- **10.4. Conditions to Avoid:** Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.
- 10.5. Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.
- 10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products: Not expected to decompose under ambient conditions.

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity (Oral): Not classified
Acute Toxicity (Dermal): Not classified
Acute Toxicity (Inhalation): Not classified

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations US GHS SDS

o Dieblaushauman (OF PO 4)	
o-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)	
LD50 Oral Rat	1516 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 10 g/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	9.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 6 h)
p-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 6000 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 5070 mg/m³ (Exposure time: 4 h)
Phosphoric acid, tris(methylphenyl) esters (1330	0-78-5)
LD50 Oral Rat	> 20000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 10000 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 5.2 mg/l/4h
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742	-47-8)
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 5.3 mg/l/4h
China Canna da	The state of the s

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes skin irritation.
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified
Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: Not classified

o-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)	
IARC group	3
p-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	
IARC group	2B
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Evidence of Carcinogenicity, Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen.
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.

Reproductive Toxicity: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression such as dizziness,

vomiting, numbness, drowsiness, headache, and similar narcotic symptoms.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: May cause slight irritation to eyes.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting and may cause lung injury.

Chronic Symptoms: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

o-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)	
LC50 Fish 1	8.23 – 10.9 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.74 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
LC50 Fish 2	5.8 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas (static))
NOEC Chronic Crustacea	0.1 mg/l
p-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	
LC50 Fish 1	18 – 50 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.7 mg/l
LC50 Fish 2	4 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
NOEC Chronic Crustacea	0.1 mg/l
Phosphoric acid, tris(methylphen	

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

US GHS SDS	in the second price of the
LC50 Fish 1	0.1 – 0.22 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [flow-through])
LC50 Fish 2	0.21 – 0.32 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [flow-
LC30 FISH 2	through])
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	(64742-47-8)
	45 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
LC50 Fish 1	2.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])
LC50 Fish 2	2.2 mg/l (Exposure time. 30 ii - Species: Eepoims measure e

### Persistence and Degradability 12.2.

12.2. Persistence and Degradability	
Marvel Mystery Oil	C
Persistence and Degradability	May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

### **Bioaccumulative Potential** 12.3.

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential		
Marvel Mystery Oil		
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.	
o-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)		
BCF Fish 1	90 – 260	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log	3.43	
Pow)		
p-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log	3.4	
Pow)		
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)		
BCF Fish 1 61 – 159		
42.4 Machilieu in Sail No additional info	ormation available	

Mobility in Soil No additional information available 12.4.

**Other Adverse Effects** 12.5.

: Avoid release to the environment. Other Information

# SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### **Waste Treatment Methods** 13.1.

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

Additional Information: EPA Hazardous Waste Number: D001 (Ignitability). Handle empty containers with care because residual

Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

# SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

## In Accordance with DOT

14.1. : PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S **Proper Shipping Name** 

: 3 **Hazard Class** 

: UN1268 **Identification Number** : 3 **Label Codes** 

: 111 **Packing Group** : Marine pollutant **Marine Pollutant** 

: 128 **ERG Number** 

In Accordance with IMDG 14.2.

: PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. **Proper Shipping Name** 

: 3 **Hazard Class** : UN1268 **Identification Number** : 111

**Packing Group** : 3 **Label Codes** : F-E EmS-No. (Fire) : S-E EmS-No. (Spillage)

: Marine pollutant **Marine Pollutant** 

In Accordance with IATA

: PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. **Proper Shipping Name** 





Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

**Packing Group** 

: 111

**Identification Number** 

: UN1268

**Hazard Class** 

: 3

**Label Codes** 

: 3

**ERG Code (IATA)** 

: 3L



## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

### **US Federal Regulations**

All components in this mixture are listed on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory, have been exempted, are not listed, not disclosed due to CBI requirements or disclosure rules according to the relevant regulation.

regulation.		
Marvel Mystery Oil		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Health hazard - Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)	
	Health hazard - Reproductive toxicity	
	Health hazard - Skin corrosion or Irritation	
	Physical hazard - Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)	
	Health hazard - Aspiration hazard	
o-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)		
Subject to reporting requirements of United State	es SARA Section 313	
CERCLA RQ	100 lb	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 %	
p-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)		
Subject to reporting requirements of United State	es SARA Section 313	
CERCLA RQ	100 lb	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %	
Phosphoric acid, tris(methylphenyl) esters (1330-		
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	·	
	TP - TP - indicates a substance that is the subject of a proposed	
15.2. US State Regulations	Section 4 test rule under TSCA.	

### **US State Regulations**

### o-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

## p-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Special Hazardous Substances
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

# Phosphoric acid, tris(methylphenyl) esters (1330-78-5)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

### **California Proposition 65**

WARNING: This product can expose you to p-Dichlorobenzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Chemical Name (CAS No.)	Carcinogenicity	Developmental	Female Reproductive	Male Reproductive
p-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	Х	Toxicity	Toxicity	Toxicity
SECTION 16: OTHER INCOM	AATION INCLUSIO			

# SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

**Date of Preparation or Latest Revision** 

: 08/26/2020

**Discontinued Product SKUs** 

: MM003, MM007, MM08, MM010, MM011, MM012R, MM013R, MM014R, MM015,

MM016, MM017, MM018, MM613, MM005

Other Information

This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition have been withheld as a trade secret [29 CFR 1910.1200].

### **GHS Full Text Phrases:**

uli Text Pillases.	
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Acute 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard Category 1
Flam. Lig. 3	Flammable liquids Category 3
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
11144	<b>A</b>

NFPA Health Hazard

: 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.

**NFPA Fire Hazard** 

: 2 - Materials that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperatures before ignition can occur.

NFPA Reactivity Hazard

: 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable,

even under fire conditions.

**HMIS III Rating** 

Health

: 2 Moderate Hazard

\* Chronic

Flammability Physical

: 2 Moderate Hazard

: 0 Minimal Hazard

Legal disclaimer: @Marvel Oil Company, Inc. All rights reserved.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any particular conditions or process. Such information is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date issued. No warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the responsibility of the user or processor to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of such information for their own particular circumstances, conditions or use, including transportation, storage and disposal which are outside of our control.

SDS US (GHS HazCom)

